

## NAG Library Function Document

### nag\_real\_eigenvalues (f02afc)

#### 1 Purpose

nag\_real\_eigenvalues (f02afc) calculates all the eigenvalues of a real unsymmetric matrix.

#### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf02.h>

void nag_real_eigenvalues (Integer n, double a[], Integer tda, Complex r[],
    Integer iter[], NagError *fail)
```

#### 3 Description

The matrix  $A$  is first balanced and then reduced to upper Hessenberg form using stabilised elementary similarity transformations. The eigenvalues are then found using the  $QR$  algorithm for real Hessenberg matrices.

#### 4 References

Wilkinson J H and Reinsch C (1971) *Handbook for Automatic Computation II, Linear Algebra* Springer-Verlag

#### 5 Arguments

- 1: **n** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrix  $A$ .  
*Constraint:*  $n \geq 1$ .
- 2: **a[n × tda]** – double *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix  $A$  is stored in  $\mathbf{a}[(i - 1) \times \mathbf{tda} + j - 1]$ .  
*On entry:* the  $n$  by  $n$  matrix  $A$ .  
*On exit:*  $\mathbf{a}$  is overwritten.
- 3: **tda** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the stride separating matrix column elements in the array  $\mathbf{a}$ .  
*Constraint:*  $\mathbf{tda} \geq n$ .
- 4: **r[n]** – Complex *Output*  
*On exit:* the eigenvalues.
- 5: **iter[n]** – Integer *Output*  
*On exit:*  $\mathbf{iter}[i - 1]$  contains the number of iterations used to find the  $i$ th eigenvalue. If  $\mathbf{iter}[i - 1]$  is negative, the  $i$ th eigenvalue is the second of a pair found simultaneously.  
**Note:** the eigenvalues are found in reverse order, starting with the  $n$ th.

6: **fail** – NagError \*

*Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_2\_INT\_ARG\_LT

On entry, **tda** =  $\langle value \rangle$  while **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ . These arguments must satisfy  $\mathbf{tda} \geq \mathbf{n}$ .

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

### NE\_INT\_ARG\_LT

On entry, **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint:  $\mathbf{n} \geq 1$ .

### NE\_TOO\_MANY\_ITERATIONS

More than  $\langle value \rangle$  iterations are required to isolate all the eigenvalues.

## 7 Accuracy

The accuracy of the results depends on the original matrix and the multiplicity of the roots. For a detailed error analysis see pages 352 and 367 Wilkinson and Reinsch (1971).

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

## 9 Further Comments

The time taken by `nag_real_eigenvalues` (f02afc) is approximately proportional to  $n^3$ .

## 10 Example

To calculate all the eigenvalues of the real matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1.5 & 0.1 & 4.5 & -1.5 \\ -22.5 & 3.5 & 12.5 & -2.5 \\ -2.5 & 0.3 & 4.5 & -2.5 \\ -2.5 & 0.1 & 4.5 & 2.5 \end{pmatrix}.$$

### 10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_real_eigenvalues (f02afc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 1990 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 2 revised, 1992.
 * Mark 8 revised, 2004.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf02.h>

#define COMPLEX(A) A.re, A.im
#define A(I, J) a[(I) *tda + J]
```

```

int main(void)
{
    Complex  *r = 0;
    Integer  exit_status = 0, i, *iter = 0, j, n, tda;
    NagError fail;
    double   *a = 0;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_real_eigenvalues (f02afc) Example Program Results\n");
    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[\n]");
    scanf("%ld", &n);
    if (n >= 1)
    {
        if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(n*n, double)) ||
            !(iter = NAG_ALLOC(n, Integer)) ||
            !(r = NAG_ALLOC(n, Complex)))
        {
            printf("Allocation failure\n");
            exit_status = -1;
            goto END;
        }
        tda = n;
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Invalid n.\n");
        exit_status = 1;
        return exit_status;
    }
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
            scanf("%lf", &A(i, j));
    /* nag_real_eigenvalues (f02afc).
     * All eigenvalues of real matrix
     */
    nag_real_eigenvalues(n, a, tda, r, iter, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        printf("Error from nag_real_eigenvalues (f02afc).\n%s\n",
              fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }

    printf("Eigenvalues\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("( %7.3f , %7.3f ) \n", COMPLEX(r[i]));
END:
    NAG_FREE(a);
    NAG_FREE(iter);
    NAG_FREE(r);
    return exit_status;
}

```

## 10.2 Program Data

nag\_real\_eigenvalues (f02afc) Example Program Data

```

4
1.5  0.1  4.5  -1.5
-22.5  3.5  12.5  -2.5
-2.5  0.3  4.5  -2.5
-2.5  0.1  4.5  2.5

```

### 10.3 Program Results

```
nag_real_eigenvalues (f02afc) Example Program Results
Eigenvalues
( 3.000 , 4.000 )
( 3.000 , -4.000 )
( 4.000 , 0.000 )
( 2.000 , 0.000 )
```

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