

NAG Library Function Document

nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec)

1 Purpose

nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec) adds a new independent variable to a general linear regression model.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg02.h>

void nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (Integer n, Integer ip, double q[],
    Integer tdq, double p[], const double wt[], const double x[],
    double *rss, double tol, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

A linear regression model may be built up by adding new independent variables to an existing model. nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec) updates the QR decomposition used in the computation of the linear regression model. The QR decomposition may come from nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac) or a previous call to nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec). The general linear regression model is defined by:

$$y = X\beta + \epsilon$$

where y is a vector of n observations on the dependent variable, X is an n by p matrix of the independent variables of column rank k , β is a vector of length p of unknown arguments, and ϵ is a vector of length n of unknown random errors such that $\text{var } \epsilon = V\sigma^2$, where V is a known diagonal matrix.

If $V = I$, the identity matrix, then least squares estimation is used.

If $V \neq I$, then for a given weight matrix $W \propto V^{-1}$, weighted least squares estimation is used.

The least squares estimates, $\hat{\beta}$ of the arguments β minimize $(y - X\beta)^T(y - X\beta)$ while the weighted least squares estimates minimize $(y - X\beta)^T W(y - X\beta)$.

The parameter estimates may be found by computing a QR decomposition of X (or $W^{\frac{1}{2}}X$ in the weighted case), i.e.,

$$X = QR^* \quad \left(\text{or } W^{\frac{1}{2}}X = QR^* \right)$$

where $R^* = \begin{pmatrix} R \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and R is a p by p upper triangular matrix and Q is an n by n orthogonal matrix. If R is of full rank, then $\hat{\beta}$ is the solution to:

$$R\hat{\beta} = c_1$$

where $c = Q^T y$ (or $Q^T W^{\frac{1}{2}} y$) and c_1 is the first p elements of c .

If R is not of full rank a solution is obtained by means of a singular value decomposition (SVD) of R . To add a new independent variable, x_{p+1} , R and c have to be updated. The matrix Q_{p+1} is found such that $Q_{p+1}^T [R : Q^T x_{p+1}]$ (or $Q_{p+1}^T [R : Q^T W^{\frac{1}{2}} x_{p+1}]$) is upper triangular. The vector c is then updated by multiplying by Q_{p+1}^T .

The new independent variable is tested to see if it is linearly related to the existing independent variables by checking that at least one of the values $(Q^T x_{p+1})_i$, for $i = p + 2, p + 3, \dots, n$ is nonzero.

The new parameter estimates, $\hat{\beta}$, can then be obtained by a call to nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model (g02ddc).

The function can be used with $p = 0$, in which case R and c are initialized.

4 References

Draper N R and Smith H (1985) *Applied Regression Analysis* (2nd Edition) Wiley

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

Hammarling S (1985) The singular value decomposition in multivariate statistics *SIGNUM Newsl.* **20(3)** 2–25

McCullagh P and Nelder J A (1983) *Generalized Linear Models* Chapman and Hall

Searle S R (1971) *Linear Models* Wiley

5 Arguments

- 1: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of observations, n .
Constraint: $n \geq 1$.
- 2: **ip** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of independent variables already in the model, p .
Constraint: $ip \geq 0$ and $ip < n$.
- 3: **q[n × tdq]** – double *Input/Output*
Note: the (i, j) th element of the matrix Q is stored in $q[(i - 1) \times tdq + j - 1]$.
On entry: if $ip \neq 0$, then **q** must contain the results of the QR decomposition for the model with p arguments as returned by nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac) or a previous call to nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec).
If $ip = 0$, then the first column of **q** should contain the n values of the dependent variable, y .
On exit: the results of the QR decomposition for the model with $p + 1$ arguments: the first column of **q** contains the updated value of c , the columns 2 to $ip + 1$ are unchanged, the first $ip + 1$ elements of column $ip + 2$ contain the new column of R , while the remaining $n - ip - 1$ elements contain details of the matrix Q_{p+1} .
- 4: **tdq** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix column elements in the array **q**.
Constraint: $tdq \geq ip + 2$.
- 5: **p[ip + 1]** – double *Input/Output*
On entry: **p** contains further details of the QR decomposition used. The first ip elements of **p** must contain details of the Householder vector from the QR decomposition. The first ip elements of array **p** are provided by nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac) or by previous calls to nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec).
On exit: the first ip elements of **p** are unchanged and the $(ip + 1)$ th element contains details of the Householder vector related to the new independent variable.

- 6: **wt[n]** – const double *Input*
On entry: optionally, the weights to be used in the weighted regression.
 If $\mathbf{wt}[i - 1] = 0.0$, then the i th observation is not included in the model, in which case the effective number of observations is the number of observations with nonzero weights.
 If weights are not provided then **wt** must be set to **NULL** and the effective number of observations is **n**.
Constraint: if **wt** is not **NULL**, $\mathbf{wt}[i - 1] = 0.0$, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.
- 7: **x[n]** – const double *Input*
On entry: the new independent variable, x .
- 8: **rss** – double * *Output*
On exit: the residual sum of squares for the new fitted model.
Note: this will only be valid if the model is of full rank, see Section 9.
- 9: **tol** – double *Input*
On entry: the value of **tol** is used to decide if the new independent variable is linearly related to independent variables already included in the model. If the new variable is linearly related then c is not updated. The smaller the value of **tol** the stricter the criterion for deciding if there is a linear relationship.
Suggested value: **tol** = 0.000001.
Constraint: **tol** > 0.0.
- 10: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
 The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_2_INT_ARG_GE

On entry, **ip** = $\langle value \rangle$ while **n** = $\langle value \rangle$. These arguments must satisfy **ip** < **n**.

NE_2_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, **tdq** = $\langle value \rangle$ while **ip** + 2 = $\langle value \rangle$. These arguments must satisfy **tdq** ≥ **ip** + 2.

NE_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, **ip** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **ip** ≥ 0.

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **n** ≥ 1.

NE_NVAR_NOT_IND

The new independent variable is a linear combination of existing variables. The (**ip** + 1)th column of **q** is, therefore, **NULL**.

NE_REAL_ARG_LE

On entry, **tol** must not be less than or equal to 0.0: **tol** = $\langle value \rangle$.

NE_REAL_ARG_LT

On entry, **wt**[$\langle value \rangle$] must not be less than 0.0: **wt**[$\langle value \rangle$] = $\langle value \rangle$.

7 Accuracy

The accuracy is closely related to the accuracy of the QR decomposition.

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

It should be noted that the residual sum of squares produced by `nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var` (g02dec) may not be correct if the model to which the new independent variable is added is not of full rank. In such a case `nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model` (g02ddc) should be used to calculate the residual sum of squares.

10 Example

A dataset consisting of 12 observations is read in. The four independent variables are stored in the array `x` while the dependent variable is read into the first column of `q`. If the character variable `meanc` indicates that a mean should be included in the model, a variable taking the value 1.0 for all observations is set up and fitted. Subsequently, one variable at a time is selected to enter the model as indicated by the input value of `indx`. After the variable has been added the parameter estimates are calculated by `nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model` (g02ddc) and the results printed. This is repeated until the input value of `indx` is 0.

10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 1991 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 2, 1991.
 * Mark 8 revised, 2004.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg02.h>

#define X(I, J) x[(I) *tdx + J]
#define Q(I, J) q[(I) *tdq + J]

int main(void)
{
    Integer          exit_status = 0, i, indx, ip, ipmax, j, m, n, rank, tdq, tdx;
    char             nag_enum_arg[40];
    double           df, rss, rsst, tol;
    double           *b = 0, *cov = 0, *p = 0, *q = 0, *se = 0, *wt = 0, *wtptr;
    double           *x = 0, *xe = 0;
    Nag_Boolean      svd, weight;
    Nag_IncludeMean  mean;
    NagError         fail;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf(
        "nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec) Example Program Results\n");
    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[\n]");
    scanf("%ld %ld", &n, &m);
    scanf(" %39s", nag_enum_arg);
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
     * Converts NAG enum member name to value
     */
}

```

```

weight = (Nag_Boolean) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
scanf(" %39s", nag_enum_arg);
mean = (Nag_IncludeMean) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
ipmax = 5;
if (n >= 1 && m >= 1)
{
    if (!(wt = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) ||
        !(x = NAG_ALLOC((n)*(m), double)) ||
        !(xe = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) ||
        !(b = NAG_ALLOC(ipmax, double)) ||
        !(cov = NAG_ALLOC(ipmax*(ipmax+1)/2, double)) ||
        !(p = NAG_ALLOC(ipmax*(ipmax+2), double)) ||
        !(se = NAG_ALLOC(ipmax, double)) ||
        !(q = NAG_ALLOC((n)*(ipmax+1), double))
        )
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }
    tdx = m;
    tdq = ipmax+1;
}
else
{
    printf("Invalid n or m.\n");
    exit_status = 1;
    return exit_status;
}

if (weight)
    wtptr = wt;
else
    wtptr = (double *) 0;

if (wtptr)
{
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
            scanf("%lf", &X(i, j));
        scanf("%lf%lf", &Q(i, 0), &wt[i]);
    }
}
else
{
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
            scanf("%lf", &X(i, j));
        scanf("%lf", &Q(i, 0));
    }
}
/* Set tolerance */
tol = 0.000001e0;
ip = 0;
if (mean == Nag_MeanInclude)
{
    for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        xe[i] = 1.0;

    /* nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec).
    * Add a new independent variable to a general linear
    * regression model
    */
    nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var(n, ip, q, tdq, p, wtptr, xe, &rss,
                                tol, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        printf(
            "Error from nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec).\n%s\n",

```

```

        fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

    ip = 1;
}
while (scanf("%ld", &indx) != EOF)
{
    if (indx > 0)
    {
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
            xe[i] = X(i, indx-1);
        /* nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec), see above. */
        nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var(n, ip, q, tdq, p, wtptr, xe, &rss,
            tol, &fail);
        if (fail.code == NE_NOERROR)
        {
            ip += 1;
            printf("Variable %4ld added\n", indx);
            rsst = 0.0;

            /* nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model (g02ddc).
             * Estimates of regression parameters from an updated model
             */
            nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model(n, ip, q, tdq, &rsst, &df, b, se,
                cov, &svd, &rank, p, tol, &fail);
            if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
            {
                printf(
                    "Error from nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec)."\n%s\n", fail.message);
                exit_status = 1;
                goto END;
            }

            if (svd)
                printf("Model not of full rank\n\n");
            printf("Residual sum of squares = %13.4e\n", rsst);
            printf("Degrees of freedom = %3.1f\n\n", df);
            printf(
                "Variable      Parameter estimate      Standard error\n\n");
            for (j = 0; j < ip; j++)
                printf("%6ld%20.4e%20.4e\n", j+1, b[j], se[j]);
            printf("\n");
        }
        else if (fail.code == NE_NVAR_NOT_IND)
            printf(" * New variable not added *\n");
        else
        {
            printf(
                "Error from nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model (g02ddc)."\n%s\n", fail.message);
            exit_status = 1;
            goto END;
        }
    }
}

END:
NAG_FREE(wt);
NAG_FREE(x);
NAG_FREE(xe);
NAG_FREE(b);
NAG_FREE(cov);
NAG_FREE(p);
NAG_FREE(se);
NAG_FREE(q);

```

```

    return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec) Example Program Data
 12 4 Nag_FALSE Nag_MeanInclude
1.0 1.4 0.0 0.0 4.32
1.5 2.2 0.0 0.0 5.21
2.0 4.5 0.0 0.0 6.49
2.5 6.1 0.0 0.0 7.10
3.0 7.1 0.0 0.0 7.94
3.5 7.7 0.0 0.0 8.53
4.0 8.3 1.0 4.0 8.84
4.5 8.6 1.0 4.5 9.02
5.0 8.8 1.0 5.0 9.27
5.5 9.0 1.0 5.5 9.43
6.0 9.3 1.0 6.0 9.68
6.5 9.2 1.0 6.5 9.83
1
3
4
2
0

```

10.3 Program Results

```

nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec) Example Program Results
Variable 1 added
Residual sum of squares = 4.0164e+00
Degrees of freedom = 10.0

```

Variable	Parameter estimate	Standard error
1	4.4100e+00	4.3756e-01
2	9.4979e-01	1.0599e-01

```

Variable 3 added
Residual sum of squares = 3.8872e+00
Degrees of freedom = 9.0

```

Variable	Parameter estimate	Standard error
1	4.2236e+00	5.6734e-01
2	1.0554e+00	2.2217e-01
3	-4.1962e-01	7.6695e-01

```

Variable 4 added
Residual sum of squares = 1.8702e-01
Degrees of freedom = 8.0

```

Variable	Parameter estimate	Standard error
1	2.7605e+00	1.7592e-01
2	1.7057e+00	7.3100e-02
3	4.4575e+00	4.2676e-01
4	-1.3006e+00	1.0338e-01

```

Variable 2 added
Residual sum of squares = 8.4066e-02
Degrees of freedom = 7.0

```

Variable	Parameter estimate	Standard error
1	3.1440e+00	1.8181e-01
2	9.0748e-01	2.7761e-01
3	2.0790e+00	8.6804e-01
4	-6.1589e-01	2.4530e-01

5

2.9224e-01

9.9810e-02
