# NAG Library Routine Document F06PGF (DTBMV)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

## 1 Purpose

F06PGF (DTBMV) computes the matrix-vector product for a real triangular band matrix or its transpose.

# 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F06PGF (UPLO, TRANS, DIAG, N, K, A, LDA, X, INCX)

INTEGER

N, K, LDA, INCX

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) A(LDA,*), X(*)

CHARACTER(1) UPLO, TRANS, DIAG
```

The routine may be called by its BLAS name dtbmv.

# 3 Description

F06PGF (DTBMV) performs one of the matrix-vector operations

$$x \leftarrow Ax$$
 or  $x \leftarrow A^{\mathrm{T}}x$ ,

where A is an n by n real triangular band matrix with k subdiagonals or superdiagonals, and x is an n-element real vector.

#### 4 References

None.

#### 5 Parameters

1: UPLO – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: specifies whether A is upper or lower triangular.

$$UPLO = 'U'$$

A is upper triangular.

$$UPLO = 'L'$$

A is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

2: TRANS – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: specifies the operation to be performed.

$$TRANS = 'N'$$

$$x \leftarrow Ax$$
.

$$TRANS = 'T' \text{ or 'C'}$$

$$x \leftarrow A^{\mathsf{T}}x$$
.

Constraint: TRANS = 'N', 'T' or 'C'.

Mark 24 F06PGF.1

F06PGF NAG Library Manual

## 3: DIAG - CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: specifies whether A has nonunit or unit diagonal elements.

DIAG = 'N'

The diagonal elements are stored explicitly.

DIAG = 'U'

The diagonal elements are assumed to be 1, and are not referenced.

Constraint: DIAG = 'N' or 'U'.

#### 4: N - INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: N > 0.

5: K – INTEGER

Input

On entry: k, the number of subdiagonals or superdiagonals of the matrix A.

Constraint:  $K \geq 0$ .

6:  $A(LDA,*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array$ 

Input

**Note**: the second dimension of the array A must be at least N.

On entry: the n by n triangular band matrix A

The matrix is stored in rows 1 to k + 1, more precisely,

if UPLO = 'U', the elements of the upper triangle of A within the band must be stored with element  $A_{ij}$  in A(k+1+i-j,j) for  $\max(1,j-k) \le i \le j$ ;

if UPLO = 'L', the elements of the lower triangle of A within the band must be stored with element  $A_{ij}$  in A(1+i-j,j) for  $j \le i \le \min(n,j+k)$ .

If DIAG = 'U', the diagonal elements of A are assumed to be 1, and are not referenced.

#### 7: LDA – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F06PGF (DTBMV) is called.

*Constraint*: LDA  $\geq$  K + 1.

#### 8: X(\*) – REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

**Note**: the dimension of the array X must be at least  $max(1, 1 + (N - 1) \times |INCX|)$ .

On entry: the n-element vector x.

If INCX > 0,  $x_i$  must be stored in  $X(1 + (i - 1) \times INCX)$ , for i = 1, 2, ..., N.

If INCX < 0,  $x_i$  must be stored in  $X(1 - (N - i) \times INCX)$ , for i = 1, 2, ..., N.

On exit: the updated vector x stored in the array elements used to supply the original vector x.

### 9: INCX – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the increment in the subscripts of X between successive elements of x.

*Constraint*: INCX  $\neq$  0.

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.

F06PGF.2 Mark 24

# 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

# **8** Further Comments

None.

# 9 Example

None.

Mark 24 F06PGF.3 (last)