

NAG Library Function Document

nag_search_int (m01nbc)

1 Purpose

nag_search_int (m01nbc) searches an ordered vector of integer numbers and returns the index of the first value equal to the sought-after item.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagm01.h>
```

```
Integer nag_search_int (Nag_Boolean validate, const Integer iv[], Integer m1,
                       Integer m2, Integer item, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_search_int (m01nbc) is based on Professor Niklaus Wirth's implementation of the Binary Search algorithm (see Wirth (2004)), but with two modifications. First, if the sought-after item is less than the value of the first element of the array to be searched, -1 is returned. Second, if a value equal to the sought-after item is not found, the index of the immediate lower value is returned.

4 References

Wirth N (2004) *Algorithms and Data Structures* 35–36 Prentice Hall

5 Arguments

- | | | |
|----|---|--------------|
| 1: | validate – Nag_Boolean | <i>Input</i> |
| | <i>On entry:</i> if validate is set to Nag_TRUE argument checking will be performed. If validate is set to Nag_FALSE nag_search_int (m01nbc) will be called without argument checking (which includes checking that array iv is sorted in ascending order) and the function will return with fail.code = NE_NOERROR. See Section 9 for further details. | |
| 2: | iv [m2 + 1] – const Integer | <i>Input</i> |
| | <i>On entry:</i> elements m1 to m2 contain integer values to be searched. | |
| | <i>Constraint:</i> elements m1 to m2 of iv must be sorted in ascending order. | |
| 3: | m1 – Integer | <i>Input</i> |
| | <i>On entry:</i> the index of the first element of iv to be searched. | |
| | <i>Constraint:</i> m1 \geq 0. | |
| 4: | m2 – Integer | <i>Input</i> |
| | <i>On entry:</i> the index of the last element of iv to be searched. | |
| | <i>Constraint:</i> m2 \geq m1 . | |
| 5: | item – Integer | <i>Input</i> |
| | <i>On entry:</i> the sought-after item. | |

6: **fail** – NagError *

Input/Output

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, $m1 = \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $m1 \geq 0$.

NE_INT_2

On entry, $m1 = \langle value \rangle$, $m2 = \langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $m1 \leq m2$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE_NOT_INCREASING

On entry, **iv** must be sorted in ascending order: **iv** element $\langle value \rangle >$ element $\langle value \rangle$.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

9 Further Comments

The argument **validate** should be used with caution. Set it to Nag_FALSE only if you are confident that the other arguments are correct, in particular that array **iv** is in fact arranged in ascending order. If you wish to search the same array **iv** many times, you are recommended to set **validate** to Nag_TRUE on first call of nag_search_int (m01nbc) and to Nag_FALSE on subsequent calls, in order to minimize the amount of time spent checking **iv**, which may be significant if **iv** is large.

The time taken by nag_search_int (m01nbc) is $O(\log(n))$, where $n = m2 - m1 + 1$, when **validate** = Nag_FALSE.

10 Example

This example reads a list of integer numbers and sought-after items and performs the search for these items.

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_search_int (m01nbc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2008, Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 9, 2009.
 */
/* Pre-processor includes */
```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagm01.h>

int main(void)
{
    /*Logical scalar and array declarations */
    Nag_Boolean validate;
    /*Integer scalar and array declarations */
    Integer      exit_status = 0;
    Integer      i, index, item, leniv, m1, m2;
    Integer      *iv = 0;
    NagError     fail;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("%s\n", "nag_search_int (m01nbc) Example Program Results");
    printf("\n");
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
    scanf("%ld%*[\n] ", &leniv);
    if (!(iv = NAG_ALLOC(leniv, Integer)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }
    /* Read in Reference Vector iv*/
    for (i = 0; i < leniv; i++)
        scanf("%ld ", &iv[i]);
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
    /* Read items sought in the reference vector*/
    validate = Nag_TRUE;
    m1 = 0;
    m2 = leniv-1;
    while (scanf("%ld%*[\n] ", &item) != EOF)
    {
        /*
        * nag_search_int (m01nbc)
        * Binary search in set of integer numbers
        */
        index = nag_search_int(validate, iv, m1, m2, item, &fail);
        if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
        {
            printf("Error from nag_search_int (m01nbc).\n%s\n",
                fail.message);
            exit_status = 1;
            goto END;
        }
        if (validate)
        {
            /* Print the reference vector*/
            printf("%s\n", "Reference Vector is:");
            for (i = 0; i < leniv; i++)
                printf("%5ld%s", iv[i], (i+1)%8?" ":"\n");
            printf("\n");
            validate = Nag_FALSE;
        }
        printf("\n");
        printf("  Search for item %5ld returned index: %4ld\n", item,
            index);
    }

    END:
    NAG_FREE(iv);

    return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```
nag_search_int (m01nbc) Example Program Data
16                                     : leniv
5  6  11  12  13  13  21  23
23 41  58  59  65  65  86  99       : iv
21                                     : item 1
4                                     : item 2
71                                     : item 3
100                                    : item 4
```

10.3 Program Results

```
nag_search_int (m01nbc) Example Program Results
```

```
Reference Vector is:
```

```
   5   6  11  12  13  13  21  23
 23  41  58  59  65  65  86  99
```

```
Search for item    21 returned index:    6
```

```
Search for item     4 returned index:   -1
```

```
Search for item    71 returned index:   13
```

```
Search for item   100 returned index:   15
```
