# NAG Library Routine Document

## F08PSF (ZHSEQR)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

Warning. The specification of the argument LWORK changed at Mark 20: LWORK is no longer redundant.

## 1 Purpose

F08PSF (ZHSEQR) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, the Schur factorization of a complex Hessenberg matrix or a complex general matrix which has been reduced to Hessenberg form.

## 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F08PSF (JOB, COMPZ, N, ILO, IHI, H, LDH, W, Z, LDZ, WORK, & LWORK, INFO)
```

```
INTEGER N, ILO, IHI, LDH, LDZ, LWORK, INFO
COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) H(LDH,*), W(*), Z(LDZ,*), WORK(max(1,LWORK))
CHARACTER(1) JOB, COMPZ
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *zhseqr*.

### **3** Description

F08PSF (ZHSEQR) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, the Schur factorization of a complex upper Hessenberg matrix H:

$$H = ZTZ^{\mathrm{H}},$$

where T is an upper triangular matrix (the Schur form of H), and Z is the unitary matrix whose columns are the Schur vectors  $z_i$ . The diagonal elements of T are the eigenvalues of H.

The routine may also be used to compute the Schur factorization of a complex general matrix A which has been reduced to upper Hessenberg form H:

$$A = QHQ^{\rm H}, \text{ where } Q \text{ is unitary,} = (QZ)T(QZ)^{\rm H}.$$

In this case, after F08NSF (ZGEHRD) has been called to reduce A to Hessenberg form, F08NTF (ZUNGHR) must be called to form Q explicitly; Q is then passed to F08PSF (ZHSEQR), which must be called with COMPZ = 'V'.

The routine can also take advantage of a previous call to F08NVF (ZGEBAL) which may have balanced the original matrix before reducing it to Hessenberg form, so that the Hessenberg matrix H has the structure:

$$\begin{pmatrix} H_{11} & H_{12} & H_{13} \\ H_{22} & H_{23} \\ & & H_{33} \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $H_{11}$  and  $H_{33}$  are upper triangular. If so, only the central diagonal block  $H_{22}$  (in rows and columns  $i_{lo}$  to  $i_{hi}$ ) needs to be further reduced to Schur form (the blocks  $H_{12}$  and  $H_{23}$  are also affected). Therefore the values of  $i_{lo}$  and  $i_{hi}$  can be supplied to F08PSF (ZHSEQR) directly. Also, F08NWF (ZGEBAK) must be called after this routine to permute the Schur vectors of the balanced matrix to those of the original matrix. If F08NVF (ZGEBAL) has not been called however, then  $i_{lo}$  must be set to 1 and  $i_{hi}$  to n. Note that if the Schur factorization of A is required, F08NVF (ZGEBAL) must **not** be called with JOB = 'S' or 'B', because the balancing transformation is not unitary.

F08PSF (ZHSEQR) uses a multishift form of the upper Hessenberg QR algorithm, due to Bai and Demmel (1989). The Schur vectors are normalized so that  $||z_i||_2 = 1$ , but are determined only to within a complex factor of absolute value 1.

## 4 References

Bai Z and Demmel J W (1989) On a block implementation of Hessenberg multishift QR iteration Internat. J. High Speed Comput. 1 97–112

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

## 5 Arguments

1: JOB – CHARACTER(1)

On entry: indicates whether eigenvalues only or the Schur form T is required.

JOB = 'E'

Eigenvalues only are required.

JOB = 'S'

The Schur form T is required.

*Constraint*: JOB = 'E' or 'S'.

## 2: COMPZ – CHARACTER(1)

On entry: indicates whether the Schur vectors are to be computed.

COMPZ = 'N'

No Schur vectors are computed (and the array Z is not referenced).

COMPZ = 'V'

The Schur vectors of A are computed (and the array Z must contain the matrix Q on entry).

COMPZ = 'I'

The Schur vectors of H are computed (and the array Z is initialized by the routine). Constraint: COMPZ = 'N', 'V' or 'I'.

3: N – INTEGER

On entry: n, the order of the matrix H. Constraint:  $N \ge 0$ .

## 4: ILO – INTEGER

5: IHI – INTEGER

On entry: if the matrix A has been balanced by F08NVF (ZGEBAL), then ILO and IHI must contain the values returned by that routine. Otherwise, ILO must be set to 1 and IHI to N. Constraint: ILO  $\geq$  1 and min(ILO, N)  $\leq$  IHI  $\leq$  N.

# 6: H(LDH, \*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array H must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the n by n upper Hessenberg matrix H, as returned by F08NSF (ZGEHRD).

On exit: if JOB = 'E', the array contains no useful information.

If JOB = 'S', H is overwritten by the upper triangular matrix T from the Schur decomposition (the Schur form) unless INFO > 0.

Input

Input

Input

Input

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array H as declared in the (sub)program from which F08PSF (ZHSEQR) is called.

*Constraint*: LDH > max(1, N).

8: W(\*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag wp) array

Note: the dimension of the array W must be at least max(1, N).

On exit: the computed eigenvalues, unless INFO > 0 (in which case see Section 6). The eigenvalues are stored in the same order as on the diagonal of the Schur form T (if computed).

Z(LDZ, \*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag wp) array 9:

> Note: the second dimension of the array Z must be at least max(1, N) if COMPZ = V' or I' and at least 1 if COMPZ = 'N'.

> On entry: if COMPZ = 'V', Z must contain the unitary matrix Q from the reduction to Hessenberg form.

If COMPZ = 'I', Z need not be set.

On exit: if COMPZ = V' or 'I', Z contains the unitary matrix of the required Schur vectors, unless INFO > 0.

If COMPZ = 'N', Z is not referenced.

#### LDZ – INTEGER 10:

On entry: the first dimension of the array Z as declared in the (sub)program from which F08PSF (ZHSEQR) is called.

Constraints:

if COMPZ = 'V' or 'I', LDZ > max(1, N); if COMPZ = 'N', LDZ > 1.

11: WORK(max(1,LWORK)) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag wp) array

On exit: if INFO = 0, the real part of WORK(1) contains the minimum value of LWORK required for optimal performance.

LWORK - INTEGER 12:

> On entry: the dimension of the array WORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08PSF (ZHSEQR) is called, unless LWORK = -1, in which case a workspace query is assumed and the routine only calculates the minimum dimension of WORK.

*Constraint*: LWORK > max(1, N) or LWORK = -1.

INFO - INTEGER 13:

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

#### 6 **Error Indicators and Warnings**

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument *i* had an illegal value.

If INFO = -999, dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

Input

Output

Input/Output

Workspace

Input

Input

Output

INFO > 0

The algorithm has failed to find all the eigenvalues after a total of  $30 \times (IHI - ILO + 1)$  iterations. If INFO = *i*, elements 1, 2, ..., ILO - 1 and i + 1, i + 2, ..., n of W contain the eigenvalues which have been found.

If JOB = 'E', then on exit, the remaining unconverged eigenvalues are the eigenvalues of the upper Hessenberg matrix  $\hat{H}$ , formed from H(ILO : INFO, ILO : INFO), i.e., the ILO through INFO rows and columns of the final output matrix H.

If JOB = 'S', then on exit

(\*)  $H_i U = U \tilde{H}$ 

for some matrix U, where  $H_i$  is the input upper Hessenberg matrix and  $\tilde{H}$  is an upper Hessenberg matrix formed from H(INFO + 1 : IHI, INFO + 1 : IHI).

If COMPZ = 'V', then on exit

$$Z_{\rm out} = Z_{\rm in}U$$

where U is defined in (\*) (regardless of the value of JOB).

If COMPZ = 'I', then on exit

 $Z_{\rm out} = U$ 

where U is defined in (\*) (regardless of the value of JOB). If INFO > 0 and COMPZ = 'N', then Z is not accessed.

## 7 Accuracy

The computed Schur factorization is the exact factorization of a nearby matrix (H + E), where

$$||E||_{2} = O(\epsilon)||H||_{2},$$

and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*.

If  $\lambda_i$  is an exact eigenvalue, and  $\tilde{\lambda}_i$  is the corresponding computed value, then

$$\left|\tilde{\lambda}_i - \lambda_i\right| \le \frac{c(n)\epsilon \|H\|_2}{s_i},$$

where c(n) is a modestly increasing function of n, and  $s_i$  is the reciprocal condition number of  $\lambda_i$ . The condition numbers  $s_i$  may be computed by calling F08QYF (ZTRSNA).

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

F08PSF (ZHSEQR) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

F08PSF (ZHSEQR) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

## 9 Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations depends on how rapidly the algorithm converges, but is typically about:

 $25n^3$  if only eigenvalues are computed;

 $35n^3$  if the Schur form is computed;

 $70n^3$  if the full Schur factorization is computed.

The real analogue of this routine is F08PEF (DHSEQR).

## 10 Example

This example computes all the eigenvalues and the Schur factorization of the upper Hessenberg matrix H, where

	(-3.9700 - 5.0400i)	-1.1318 - 2.5693i	-4.6027 - 0.1426i	-1.4249 + 1.7330i	
H =	-5.4797 + 0.0000i	1.8585 - 1.5502i	4.4145 - 0.7638i	-0.4805 - 1.1976i	
	0.0000 + 0.0000i	6.2673 + 0.0000i	-0.4504 - 0.0290i	-1.3467 + 1.6579i	·
	0.0000 + 0.0000i	0.0000 + 0.0000i	-3.5000 + 0.0000i	2.5619 – 3.3708 <i>i</i> /	

See also Section 10 in F08NTF (ZUNGHR), which illustrates the use of this routine to compute the Schur factorization of a general matrix.

### 10.1 Program Text

Program f08psfe

```
!
     FO8PSF Example Program Text
     Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.
1
      .. Use Statements ..
1
      Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp, x02ajf, x04dbf, zgemm, zhseqr,
                                                                                &
                             zlange => f06uaf
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
ŗ
     Implicit None
      .. Parameters ..
!
                                       :: nin = 5, nout = 6
     Integer, Parameter
!
      .. Local Scalars ..
     Complex (Kind=nag_wp)
                                      :: alpha, beta
     Real (Kind=nag_wp)
                                       :: norm
                                       :: i, ifail, info, ldc, ldd, ldh, ldz, &
      Integer
                                          lwork, n
      .. Local Arrays ..
1
     Complex (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: c(:,:), d(:,:), h(:,:), w(:),
                                                                                æ
                                          work(:), z(:,:)
                                      :: rwork(1)
     Real (Kind=naq_wp)
     Character (1)
                                       :: clabs(1), rlabs(1)
      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
1
     Intrinsic
                                       :: cmplx
1
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'FO8PSF Example Program Results'
     Write (nout,*)
     Flush (nout)
!
     Skip heading in data file
     Read (nin,*)
     Read (nin,*) n
      ldc = n
      ldd = n
      ldh = n
      ldz = n
     lwork = n
     Allocate (c(ldc,n),d(ldd,n),h(ldh,n),w(n),work(lwork),z(ldz,n))
     Read H from data file
1
     Read (nin,*)(h(i,1:n),i=1,n)
     Store H in D
1
      d(1:ldd, 1:n) = h(1:ldh, 1:n)
```

```
!
     Print matrix H
      ifail: behaviour on error exit
1
             =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
1
      ifail = 0
      Call x04dbf('General',' ',n,n,h,ldh,'Bracketed','F7.4','Matrix H',
                                                                                 &
        'Integer', rlabs, 'Integer', clabs, 80, 0, ifail)
     Calculate the eigenvalues and Schur factorization of H
1
     The NAG name equivalent of zhseqr is f08psf
1
      Call zhseqr('Schur form','Initialize Z',n,1,n,h,ldh,w,z,ldz,work,lwork, &
        info)
     Write (nout,*)
      If (info>0) Then
        Write (nout,*) 'Failure to converge.'
     Else
        Compute A - Z*T*Z^H from Schur factorization of A, and store in matrix
!
!
        D
1
        The NAG name equivalent of zgemm is f06zaf
        alpha = cmplx(1,kind=nag_wp)
        beta = cmplx(0,kind=nag_wp)
        Call zgemm('N','N',n,n,n,alpha,z,ldz,h,ldh,beta,c,ldc)
        alpha = cmplx(-1,kind=nag_wp)
        beta = cmplx(1,kind=nag_wp)
        Call zgemm('N','C',n,n,n,alpha,c,ldc,z,ldz,beta,d,ldd)
        Find norm of matrix D and print warning if it is too large
1
1
        f06uaf is the NAG name equivalent of the LAPACK auxiliary zlange
        norm = zlange('0',ldd,n,d,ldd,rwork)
        If (norm>x02ajf()**0.5_nag_wp) Then
          Write (nout,*) 'Norm of A-(Z*T*Z^H) is much greater than 0.'
          Write (nout,*) 'Schur factorization has failed.'
        Else
1
          Print eigenvalues
          Write (nout,*) 'Eigenvalues'
          Write (nout,99999)(w(i),i=1,n)
        End If
     End If
99999 Format ((3X,4(' (',F7.4,',',F7.4,')',:)))
```

```
End Program f08psfe
```

### 10.2 Program Data

```
FO8PSF Example Program Data

4

(-3.9700,-5.0400) (-1.1318,-2.5693) (-4.6027,-0.1426) (-1.4249, 1.7330)

(-5.4797, 0.0000) ( 1.8585,-1.5502) ( 4.4145,-0.7638) (-0.4805,-1.1976)

( 0.0000, 0.0000) ( 6.2673, 0.0000) (-0.4504,-0.0290) (-1.3467, 1.6579)

( 0.0000, 0.0000) ( 0.0000, 0.0000) (-3.5000, 0.0000) ( 2.5619,-3.3708)

End of matrix H
```

### **10.3 Program Results**

FO8PSF Example Program Results

Matrix H

```
1 2 3 4
1 (-3.9700,-5.0400) (-1.1318,-2.5693) (-4.6027,-0.1426) (-1.4249, 1.7330)
2 (-5.4797, 0.0000) (1.8585,-1.5502) (4.4145,-0.7638) (-0.4805,-1.1976)
```

3 ( 0.0000, 0.0000) ( 6.2673, 0.0000) (-0.4504,-0.0290) (-1.3467, 1.6579)
4 ( 0.0000, 0.0000) ( 0.0000, 0.0000) (-3.5000, 0.0000) ( 2.5619,-3.3708)
Eigenvalues
 (-6.0004,-6.9998) (-5.0000, 2.0060) ( 7.9982,-0.9964) ( 3.0023,-3.9998)